### SAFETY PRECALITIONS Operator protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment: (UK only)

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling contaminated surfaces. However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows that they provide an equal or higher standard of following diseases and is best used as a protectant treatment or in the earliest stages protection. (UK only)

- WHEN USING DO NOT FAT, DRINK OR SMOKE
- IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH FYES, RINSE IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- WASH SPLASHES from skin or eves immediately
- WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating, drinking and smoking and after work.

### Environmental protection

- DO NOT CONTAMINATE SURFACE WATERS OR DITCHES with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water/ Avoid contamination via drains from farmvards and roads.
- To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone to surface water bodies in line with LERAP requirements. (UK only)
- DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body, unless a Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Aim spray away from water
- This product gualifies for inclusion within the Local Environment Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) scheme. Before each spraving operation from a horizontal boom sprayer, either a LERAP must be carried out in accordance with CRD's published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for three years. (UK only)
- To protect aquatic organisms respect an unspraved buffer zone of 5m to surface water bodies. (IE only)

#### Storage and disposal

- KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDING STUFFS.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed in a safe place.
- RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.
- THIS MATERIAL AND ITS CONTAINER must be disposed of in a safe way.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

### Restrictions

- CELICA should not be applied to any crop suffering from stress as a result of Resistance drought, waterloaging, low temperatures, nutrient or lime deficiency or other factors reducing crop growth.
- Avoid application in either frosty or hot, sunny weather conditions.
- Up to 2 treatments may be applied per crop.
- Only apply CELICA in tank-mixture with other fungicides (see 'Dose').

### Disease Control

CELICA contains penthiopyrad, a broad-spectrum fungicide from the carboxamide aroup

Carboxamides are classified as succinate dehydrogenease inhibitors (SDHI) by WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE the Fungicide Resistance Action Committee (FRAC). Penthiopyrad inhibits fungal GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate. respiration and should be used in mixture with fungicides with other modes of action, CELICA shows good crop safety disease control and maintenance of green leaf area which results in significant yield benefits. CELICA has activity on the of disease development.

### Disease activity

Crop	Disease	Level of co	Level of control	
		UK	Ireland	
Wheat	Septoria leaf blotch	С	MC	
	Yellow rust	MC	MC	
	Tan spot	R	R	
	Brown rust	-	С	
Barley	Rhynchosporium	MC	R	
	Net blotch	С	MC	
	Ramularia	C/MC*	MC/R #	
	Brown rust	С	С	
Rye	Rhynchosporium	MC	R	
	Brown rust	-	С	
Triticale	Septoria leaf blotch	MC	MC	
	Brown rust	-	С	
	Yellow rust	MC	MC	
	Rhynchosporium	-	R	
Oats	Crown rust	С	С	

Key: C = Control. MC = Moderate control. R = Reduction

\* CELICA offers control of Ramularia in spring barley, moderate control in winter

# CELICA offers moderate control of Ramularia in winter barley, reduction in spring barley (IE only)

CELICA contains penthiopyrad, a member of the SDHI cross resistance group of fungicides

CELICA should be used preventatively or at the early stage of disease development. Use CELICA as part of an Integrated Crop Management (ICM) strategy incorporating other methods of control, including where appropriate other fungicides with a strains of pathogens less sensitive to penthiopyrad develop. less reliable results.

When fungicides with the same mode of action are used **Dose** repeatedly over several years in the same field, naturally Apply CELICA at 1.5 litre per hectare, CELICA must always occurring less sensitive strains may survive, propagate and be used in mixture with another product, recommended for become dominant in that field. A pathogen is considered control of the same target disease that contains a fungicide from resistant to a funcicide if it survives a correctly applied treatment a different cross resistance group and is applied at a dose that at a recommended dose and timing, under normal weather will give robust control. conditions

rates. In any tank mix the SDHI should be applied in a balanced barley, wheat, oats,rye and triticale. mixture. CELICA should be used in accordance with the Up to a maximum of 2 treatments may be made. If following stages indicated.

Do not apply more than two foliar applications of SDHI containing products to any cereal crop. Mixtures of two or more SDHI fungicides do not provide an anti-resistance strategy. Each Products should only be tank-mixed if each product can be application of such a mixture counts as one SDHI application.

For further advice on resistance management users should contact your agronomist or specialist advisor, refer to current FRAC guidelines for SDHI compounds and visit the TEAGASC or Thoroughly wash out sprayer according to manufactures FRAG-UK website. Isolates of Septoria leaf blotch with reduced guidelines and dispose of washings and clean cor ainers sensitivity to SDHI fungicides have been detected.

#### Volume and Application

Apply in 200 - 300 litres/ha of water using spraying equipment NOTICE TO BUYER to give good even coverage of the crop. The higher volumes are All goods supplied by us are of a high grade and we believe them. Bar is recommended.

#### Mixing

Ensure that the spraver is clean and correctly set to give an even application at the required volume. Half-fill the spray tank with clean water and start agitation. Shake the container and add the required amount of CELICA to the sprayer using a filling device (e.g. induction bowl or closed transfer unit) or by direct addition to the spraver tank. Wash out containers thoroughly, preferably using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or manually rinse three times. Add washings to the sprayer at the time of filling. Complete filling to the required volume and continue to agitate throughout the spraving operation. Do not leave the sprav liquid in the spraver for long periods (such as during meal breaks or overnight).

Follow the good practice guide for empty pesticide containers. (IE only)

### Crops

CELICA can be used on all winter and spring crops of wheat, barley, rye, triticale and oats. It may also be applied to barley undersown with grass (UK only).

Apply CELICA under good growing conditions with adequate

different mode of action. Disease control may be reduced if soil moisture. Avoid poor growing conditions which may give

CELICA must always be tank mixed with another fungicide(s) Best results will be achieved from applications made as from different cross-resistance group(s) / different mode(s) of a protectant treatment or in the earliest stages of disease action, which when used alone, gives effective control of the development, CELICA may be applied from the beginning of same target disease(s). Products should be applied at robust stem elongation (GS 30) up to the end of flowering (GS 69) on

instructions for use for the target diseases at the specific growth a disease risk assessment or the use of appropriate decision support systems, a second treatment is required, this may be applied after 21 days.

applied within the label recommendations for its use. For further information contact your BCP distributor.

### Spray tank clean-out

according to DEFRA Code of Practice (UK only) and local water authority guidelines.

recommended when the crop is dense. A spray pressure of 2-3 to be suitable for any purpose for which we spreight supply them, but as we cannot exercise control over their mixing or use, all conditions and warranties statutory or inerwise, as to the quality or fitness for any purpose c, our good, are excluded and no responsibility will be accepted with or any damage or in ury whatsoever arising from their storage, har Jling, application or

> To access the Safety Data Sheet for this product scall the G ? code or use the weblink belov .



WEBLINK to specific data sheet on manufacturer's website:

# www.belchim.co.uk/pdf/MSDS/Celica MSDS.pdf

Alternatively, contact your supplier.

Marketing company: Belchim Crop Protection Limited

1b Fenice Court, Phoenix Park | Faton Socon, St. Neots | Cambridgeshire PE19 8FW

Tel.: 0044 (0)1480 403333 | Fax: 0044 (0)1480 403444 | Info-uk@belchim.com | www.belchim.co.uk

# Net contents: 5LO CELICA LERAP B A carboxamide fungicide, for disease control in wheat, barley, rye, triticale and oats Emuls<sup>1</sup> lable concentrate (EC) formulation containing 200 g/L penthiopyrad. The Voluntary Initiative apply to the use of this product at work 1 IK only FUNGICIDE GROUP 24 hour emergency no.: 0032 14 58 45 45 FOR PROFE, S.O. ALUSE ONLY Production date / Batch number: see bottle RISK AN SALETY INFORMATION VELI 4° - An emulsifiable concentrate (EC) formulation containing 200 g/L penthiopyrad. Cau es serious eve irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eve protection / face protection. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapours or spray. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents / container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple-rinsed empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste Do not contaminate water with the product or its container (Do not clean application equipment near surface water/Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads). To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply with the instructions for use. BELCHIM CROP PROTECTION N.V./S.A hnologielaan 7 -1840 – Londerzeel Belgium CROP PROTECTION Registered trademark of Belchim Crop Protection NV/SA



# IMPORTANT INFORMATION : FOR USE ONLY AS A PROFESSIONAL FUNGICIDE

Crop / Situations:	Maximum individual dose: (L product/ha)	Maximum number of treatments: (per crop)	Max. total dose: (L product/ha) (IRL only)	Latest time of application:
Wheat, barley, oats, rye, triticale	1.5	2*	2.5	End of flowering (GS 69)

## Other specific restrictions:

To reduce the risk of resistance developing in target diseases a maximum of 2 foliar applications of product(s) containing SDHIs can be applied to any cereal crop.

Apply SDHI fungicides always in mixtures. The mixture partner should provide satisfactory disease control when used alone on the target disease and must have a different mode of action.

In order to prevent contamination of groundwater, the second application to all crops must be made after GS39. As the product is a skin sensitiser a minimum water volume of 100L of water per 1L product must be used. A maximum total dose of not more than 500g penthiopyrad /hectare may be applied in a two year period on the same field.

\* Only 1 application at the maximum individual dose is permitted (IRL only).

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER WHICH IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS